

Metallurgical equipment.
Equipment for blast-furnace melting operation stage

Reference list

Description	Year of delivery	Q-ty	Country
Stationary mixers with capacity of 300 t	1958	1	Bulgaria
	1978	2	Nizhniy Tagil Iron and Steel Works, Russia
	1983	2	“NLMK” Novolipetsk Steel, Russia
	1982	1	Rustavi Metallurgical Plant, Georgia
	1989	1	Nikopol Ferroalloys Plant, Ukraine
Stationary mixers with capacity of 1300 t	1956-1959	3	Iron and Steel Works of China, China
	1978	1	Iron and Steel Works “Danube Vashmy”, Dunaujvaros, Hungary
	1979	2	“Smederevo” Iron and Steel Works, Yugoslavia
	1970; 1983	3	“Zeljezara Zenica” Iron and Steel Works, Zenica, Yugoslavia
	1981	1	“Ajaokuta” Iron and Steel Works, Ajaokuta, Nigeria
	1985	1	“Kin Chuck” Iron and Steel Works, North Korea
	1986	1	Helwan Iron and Steel Works, Egypt
	1957-1991	6	Durgapur, Rurkel, Bokaro and other Iron and Steel Works, India
	1992	1	Karachi Iron and Steel Works, Pakistan
	1969; 1976	2	Isfahan
	1966; 1976	2	Wotokumpa
	1951-2014	24	“Magnitogorsk Iron and Steel Works”, Lipetsk; Kuznetsk, Nizhny Tagil Iron and Steel Works, Russia
Stationary mixers with capacity of 1300 t	1952-1985	19	Iron and Steel Works of Yenakieve, Makeyevka, Alchevsk, Dneprodzerzhinsk, Krivoi Rog; Ilyich Iron and Steel Works of Mariupol, Ukraine
Stationary mixers with capacity of 2500 t	1970	2	Iron and Steel Works of Karaganda, Kazakhstan
	1975	2	“NLMK” Novolipetsk Steel, Russia
Stationary mixers with capacity of 2500 t	1971; 1979	2	Azovstal Iron and Steel Works, Ukraine
	1981	1	Iron and Steel Works of Dneprodzerzhinsk